CHAPTER 4 – SAMPLE TEST QUESTIONS



Learner and Operator Questions

This test consists of 16 signs and 34 questions of which the applicant can only miss two signs and six questions to pass the examination.

At least 70% of accidents leading to property damage, injuries and death, is a result of:

- A. Human error.
- B. Malfunctioning traffic signals.
- C. Unsafe road conditions.
- D. Defective vehicles.

The safe and legal passing of another vehicle requires that a driver:

- A. Make sure the passing lane is clear of traffic, and checks behind and to the left to make sure another car is not attempting to pass.
- B. Apply the brake and slow down.
- C. Pass when the lane marking is a solid line.
- D. All answers are correct.

As fog can greatly reduce visibility of other vehicles, pedestrians and traffic signals, you should:

- A. Drive cautiously and reduce speed.
- B. Do not use your high headlight beams.
- C. Use low headlight beams to illuminate the road and objects better.
- D. All answers are correct.

A good defensive driver should:

- A. Drive slowly at all times.
- B. Look out for the actions of other drivers.
- C. Travel at a constant speed.
- D. Only drive in familiar areas.

When making a right turn on red at a red light, you:

- A. Slow down and roll around the corner if no traffic is coming.
- B. Do not yield the right-of-way.
- C. Come to a complete stop and do not interfere with the right-of-way of any vehicles or pedestrians moving in the direction of the turn.
- D. Ignore a "No Turn on Red" sign.

When driving on wet roadways, you should remember:

- A. Pavement is slick immediately following a rainfall.
- B. Driving on wet roads can cause hydroplaning.
- C. You should give yourself additional time to stop.
- D. All answers are correct.

A flashing red signal means:

A. A reason to slow down.

B. Equivalent to (same as) a stop sign, and means the driver must stop.

C. Caution, there may be danger.

D. A signal to look both ways, then proceed.

You should signal your intention to turn at least:

A. 200 feet before turning.
B. 150 feet before turning.
C. 100 feet before turning.
D. 50 feet before turning.



Chauffeur and Public Passenger Chauffeur Questions

This test consists of 25 questions of which the applicant can only miss four to pass the examination.

What is the maximum tandem axle weight for trucks?

A. 20,000 lbs. per axle
B. 10,000 lbs. per axle
C. 17,000 lbs. per axle
D. 15,000 lbs. per axle

The driver of a commercial motor vehicle must stop within how many feet of railroad tracks?

A. 10 – 40 feet
 B. 15 – 50 feet
 C. 20 – 60 feet
 D. 5 – 45 feet

What is the maximum height of any vehicle that may be operated without a special permit?

A. 13 feet, 6 inches
B. 12 feet, 7 inches
C. 11 feet, 8 inches
D. 10 feet, 9 inches

A public passenger chauffeur license grants the privilege to transport persons for hire so long as the vehicle is not designed or used to transport how many persons?

A. 20 persons including the driver

B. 8 persons including the driver

C. 25 persons including the driver

D. 16 persons including the driver

What is the maximum single-axle weight for trucks?

A. 17,000 lbs. B. 20,000 lbs. C. 80.000 lbs.

D. All answers are correct



Motorcycle Questions

(Please refer to the Motorcycle Operator Manual for answers)

This examination consists of 25 questions of which the applicant can only miss four questions to pass the examination.

While riding an unfamiliar motorcycle:

A. Stay in the right portion of the lane.B. Have the owner ride with you.

C. Allow extra room for stopping.

D. Do not shift above third gear.

When riding at night:

A. Ride with flashers on.

B. Wear reflective clothing.

C. Always ride in the center lane.

D. Follow closer to the vehicle ahead for safety.

When the front tire goes flat:

A. The steering will feel heavy.

B. The back of the motorcycle will jerk from side to side.

C. The handlebars will shake violently.

D. You will lose power to the brakes.

Wearing a helmet can reduce the chance of a fatal head injury in:

A. Low–speed crash only.

B. High–speed crash only.

C. Any crash, regardless of the speed.

D. Single-vehicle crashes only.

To discourage other drivers from sharing your lane, it is usually best to:

A. Ride in the left portion of your lane.

B. Ride in the center portion of your lane.

C. Ride in the right portion of your lane.

D. Ride next to another vehicle.